



Co-funded by  
the European Union



**Final result to WP/ Activity:**

## **2.4a Preparation of Teacher Guidelines**

Leading organization: Johannes Kepler University Linz

Participating organization:  
University of Luxembourg





Co-funded by  
the European Union



Project title:

*Accelerating STEAM-related Knowledge and Skills via 3D Modelling and 3D Printing*

Reg. number:

*2023-1-CZ01-KA220-HED-000160664*

# Instructor Guidelines for Teacher Education: Integrating 3D Printing into STEAM Education

This document is a partial result of the project *Accelerating STEAM-related Knowledge and Skills via 3D Modelling and 3D Printing (acronym: 3D STEAM)*

The project has been co-funded by the European Union within its program *ERASMUS+ KA220-HED - Cooperation partnerships in higher education*

This particular work package was led by Johannes Kepler University, Linz, Austria

Last revision: May 2025

*Co-funded by the European Union. Views and opinions expressed are however those of the author(s) only and do not necessarily reflect those of the European Union or the National Agency. Neither the European Union nor the grant provider, the Czech National Agency for International Education and Research, can be held responsible for them.*



*GDPR: The data processing is done in line with Regulation (EU) 2018/1725 of the European Parliament and of the Council of 23 October 2018 on the protection of natural persons with regard to the processing of personal data by the Union institutions, bodies, offices and agencies and on the free movement of such data. The data controller and the processors listed in this privacy statement follow the rules of the Regulation.*

## **Abstract**

Integrating 3D printing into STEAM (Science, Technology, Engineering, Arts, and Mathematics) education represents a transformative approach that significantly enriches teaching and learning processes. 3D printing bridges the gap between abstract concepts and concrete understanding by enabling students and educators to engage directly with tangible, real-world applications. It opens up new dimensions in education, fostering an active and experiential learning environment that can captivate students' interest, enhance their critical thinking skills, and encourage innovative problem-solving capabilities.

This comprehensive guide is an essential resource specifically designed for teacher educators. It provides them with detailed methodologies, step-by-step structured lesson plans, and a variety of practical strategies for effectively training teachers to implement 3D printing technologies in their classrooms. Recognizing the diverse needs and varying skill levels of educators, this guide carefully outlines clear instructional pathways and adaptable lesson frameworks to ensure inclusivity and maximum effectiveness across different educational contexts.

## Introduction

Incorporating 3D modelling and printing (3DMP) into educational settings enhances learning outcomes in numerous ways. Primarily, it stimulates creativity among students by providing them opportunities to visualize, design, and physically realize their original ideas and solutions. Furthermore, practical problem-solving is significantly improved as learners engage in iterative processes of designing, prototyping, and refining their creations. This iterative cycle encourages persistence, adaptability, and resilience, crucial skills in today's rapidly changing world.

Additionally, the interdisciplinary nature of 3D printing makes it an ideal educational tool for STEAM education, enabling meaningful connections across various subjects and disciplines. Students can see how scientific **principles**, technological innovations, engineering methodologies, artistic design, and mathematical concepts converge to create functional and aesthetically pleasing objects. This holistic approach deepens their understanding and broadens their perspectives, preparing them effectively for future careers and life challenges.

Teacher educators utilizing this guide can confidently train their trainees, empowering them with technical and pedagogical competencies. By equipping teachers with the skills necessary to seamlessly integrate 3D printing into their curricula, educators can transform conventional classroom experiences into dynamic, interactive, and deeply engaging learning environments. The guide includes comprehensive recommendations, thoroughly structured instructional steps, and detailed resources, ensuring successful implementation and sustained positive educational outcomes.

### 1. Learning Objectives

Upon completing the training sessions outlined in these guidelines, teachers will achieve proficiency in several essential areas, significantly enhancing their capabilities as modern educators. Firstly, teachers will develop robust **technical skills** necessary to effectively operate and maintain various models of 3D printers. They will become adept in selecting appropriate materials, such as different types of filaments (e.g., PLA, ABS), and ensuring optimal printer settings for high-quality outcomes. Furthermore, educators will gain extensive hands-on experience in industry-standard modelling software, including user-friendly platforms such as TinkerCAD, as well as more sophisticated software like Fusion360. This proficiency will empower them to confidently instruct students to develop original designs, troubleshoot technical issues, and explore advanced printing techniques.

Secondly, teachers will master **pedagogical strategies** tailored explicitly for integrating 3D printing into diverse STEAM curricula. They will learn how to effectively incorporate 3D printing projects into lesson plans, aligning them with existing educational standards and objectives across multiple disciplines. This training will equip educators to design instructional activities reinforcing theoretical concepts through practical application, transforming traditional lessons into immersive, hands-on learning experiences. Teachers will also acquire skills in lesson differentiation, enabling them to adapt their instructional approaches to suit varying student skill levels and learning styles, thus ensuring inclusive and equitable educational opportunities for all students.

Thirdly, participants will be proficient in **fostering creativity, collaboration, and critical thinking** among their students. They will learn how to develop and implement interactive, challenge-based activities

that stimulate innovative problem-solving and encourage students to think beyond conventional boundaries. By guiding learners through iterative processes of designing, prototyping, testing, and refining their creations, teachers will cultivate an educational environment that values experimentation, innovation, and resilience. Collaboration will be emphasized through structured group activities, encouraging peer-to-peer learning and effective teamwork, essential skills for success in contemporary workplaces.

Lastly, educators will gain expertise in **techniques for evaluating and assessing student outcomes** in 3D printing projects. They will be introduced to formative and summative assessment tools, including detailed rubrics, reflective journals, peer assessments, and portfolio evaluations. Teachers will learn to clearly articulate expectations, monitor student progress effectively, and provide meaningful feedback that guides learners toward continual improvement. Additionally, they will become skilled at assessing not just final products, but also students' understanding of design processes, ability to troubleshoot challenges, and development of critical thinking and collaboration skills.

Collectively, these objectives align closely with contemporary educational goals, emphasizing the creation of engaging, innovative, and student-centered learning environments. Teachers trained through this comprehensive program will become highly adept at guiding students through complex, real-world problem-solving scenarios, effectively bridging theoretical knowledge and practical application. This training positions educators to not only enhance their students' technical proficiency but also equip them with essential life-long learning skills, ensuring students are well-prepared for future academic, personal, and professional challenges.

## 2. Preparatory Steps

### **Materials Checklist:**

- 3D printers suitable for educational use (e.g., Prusa, Ultimaker).
- Filament (PLA, ABS) in varied colors.
- Access to 3D modeling software such as TinkerCAD.
- Calibration tools and printer maintenance kits.
- Computer stations with stable internet access.
- Supplementary tools such as digital calipers, precision tools, and printer accessories.

### **Equipment Setup:**

1. Ensure printers are placed in stable, ventilated areas.
2. Load and calibrate filament according to manufacturer guidelines.
3. Conduct test prints before training sessions.
4. Develop systematic maintenance schedules and troubleshooting protocols.

### **Resource Preparation:**

- Create detailed tutorials and instructional templates.
- Provide troubleshooting guides for common technical issues.
- Develop instructional videos demonstrating fundamental skills.
- Curate comprehensive resource packs for ongoing teacher reference.

### **Learning Basics:**

- Complete tutorials on fundamental 3D modeling software.

- Engage in basic design projects to gain firsthand experience.
- Participate in structured discussions to deepen understanding of the underlying technology.

### 3. Teaching Methodology

The pedagogical framework provided in these guidelines strategically combines experiential, project-based, collaborative, and reflective learning methodologies to maximize educational outcomes. This multifaceted approach ensures comprehensive skill development, enriching teachers' instructional capacities and optimizing student engagement.

#### 3.1 Experiential and Hands-On Learning

Experiential learning is central to effectively integrating 3D printing into STEAM education. Each training session commences with practical, engaging challenges that prompt immediate, active participation:

- **Challenge-Based Learning:** Teachers engage in clearly defined tasks requiring creative problem-solving and critical thinking. Examples include geometric puzzles that visually illustrate mathematical principles or creating functional prototypes addressing real-world problems. These tasks encourage learners to identify solutions through experimentation and practical application of theory.
- **Progressive Complexity:** The learning process follows a structured, incremental complexity, starting with straightforward designs, such as simple geometric shapes, and progressively moving toward more complex and open-ended projects. This method ensures participants build a solid foundation of knowledge and confidence before tackling more advanced designs.
- **Active Experimentation:** Encouraging trial-and-error approaches is pivotal to experiential learning. Teachers will experiment with design iterations, encounter and troubleshoot common printing challenges, and progressively refine their skills. This process develops resilience, adaptive thinking, and a growth mindset essential for educators to foster within their own classrooms.

#### 3.2 Project-Based Learning

Project-based learning (PBL) deepens understanding through meaningful, real-world problem-solving, promoting interdisciplinary connections:

- **Authentic Real-World Scenarios:** Participants explore and address genuine, tangible problems relevant to society and education, such as designing assistive devices for individuals with disabilities or creating architectural scale models that address real construction and design considerations. These scenarios heighten learners' engagement by connecting theoretical knowledge directly to practical, real-life contexts.
- **Iterative Design and Prototyping:** Continuous iteration is emphasized within the project-based framework. Participants design, print, evaluate, and iteratively improve their models based on peer feedback, self-assessment, and functionality tests. This cyclical process mirrors professional

engineering and design workflows, helping teachers understand how to guide their students effectively through similar processes.

- **Integration of External Expertise:** To enrich project-based learning, sessions incorporate feedback and insights from industry professionals and experts. This external critique and validation process provides teachers with invaluable perspectives, enhancing the quality of their projects and offering realistic exposure to professional standards and expectations.

### 3.3 Collaborative Techniques

Collaboration is a cornerstone of STEAM education, facilitating shared learning and the development of crucial interpersonal skills:

- **Group-Based Projects:** Training incorporates group projects where participants must collaboratively design and print sophisticated and multifaceted objects. Working in teams, educators learn strategies to delegate roles, share responsibilities, and communicate effectively, building key skills transferable to their own teaching practices.
- **Structured Peer Reviews:** Teachers participate in organized peer-review sessions, learning how to offer and receive constructive, supportive feedback. This practice not only improves the immediate projects but also models critical collaborative processes teachers will later replicate in their classrooms.
- **Collaborative Reflection Sessions:** After project completion, structured group reflection sessions enable participants to collectively discuss successes, challenges, and learned lessons. These collaborative reflections foster deeper insight, mutual understanding, and collective growth, reinforcing essential skills for teamwork and interdisciplinary cooperation.

### 3.4 Adaptation to Diverse Skill Levels

Recognizing participants' diverse levels of familiarity and comfort with technology is crucial to ensuring inclusive, effective training experiences:

- **Multiple Learning Pathways:** The training program offers clearly defined learning tracks—beginner, intermediate, and advanced—allowing participants to engage at a suitable level. Beginners receive foundational instruction and simplified projects, while more experienced participants explore advanced modelling techniques, complex problem-solving scenarios, and higher-level design tasks.
- **Differentiated Instruction:** Instructional strategies and resources are tailored specifically to address different skill levels. Supplemental resources, including simplified tutorials, step-by-step instructional videos, and advanced design challenges, are provided to support personalized learning journeys.
- **Flexible Grouping and Mentoring:** Training employs flexible groupings, strategically pairing less experienced participants with skilled mentors or peers to provide targeted support and facilitate knowledge transfer. Individualized mentoring further enhances personalized development, ensuring every participant's learning needs are comprehensively met.

### 3.5 Reflective Practices

Structured reflection is integral to consolidating learning and ensuring lasting educational impact:

- **Guided Reflection Prompts:** Participants engage in structured reflection activities, responding to guided prompts designed to help document their design processes, challenges encountered, and problem-solving strategies. These reflections help solidify learning by encouraging teachers to critically evaluate their approaches and outcomes.
- **Regular Reflection Sessions:** Dedicated reflection periods within the training schedule encourage teachers to discuss and analyse how their acquired skills translate into effective classroom practice. Sessions emphasize practical applicability, focusing explicitly on how educators will implement and adapt learned techniques within their own teaching contexts.
- **Reflective Journals:** Detailed reflective journals provide participants with ongoing opportunities to document their experiences, track their progress, and articulate their evolving understanding of integrating 3D printing into STEAM education. Journaling fosters deeper self-awareness, promotes ongoing professional growth, and encourages participants to continuously refine their instructional approaches.

By comprehensively combining experiential, project-based, collaborative, and reflective methodologies, this pedagogical framework equips educators to foster highly engaging, effective, and innovative classroom environments. Teachers trained under this holistic approach are thoroughly prepared to guide their students through rigorous problem-solving activities, cultivate technical proficiency, and support the development of essential 21st-century skills.

## 4. Example Lesson Plans

### Lesson 1: Design Challenges (Geometry and Problem-Solving)

#### Objective:

Teachers will develop a robust understanding of geometric concepts through practical engagement with 3D modelling. This lesson equips participants with the skills needed to integrate geometric reasoning and spatial visualization into classroom practice.

#### Session 1: Introduction to Geometric Challenges

- Begin with an overview of geometric concepts applicable to 3D modelling (e.g., symmetry, volume, surface area, angles).
- Demonstrate fundamental features of TinkerCAD, ensuring all participants are comfortable with basic navigation, tools, and interface.
- Introduce a set of geometric challenges, such as creating precise cubes, pyramids, cylinders, or cones.
- Task teachers to model these simple geometric shapes, focusing on accuracy and understanding key geometric properties.

#### Session 2: Design Refinement and Interactive Elements



- Guide teachers in enhancing their initial geometric models, introducing complexity through interactivity. For example, designs could be transformed into puzzles, where pieces fit together to illustrate geometric theorems.
- Facilitate peer-review sessions where participants collaboratively discuss and refine their models, emphasizing precision and practical usability.
- Encourage innovative additions such as labelling dimensions, creating moveable parts, or integrating simple mechanics.

### **Session 3: Printing, Testing, and Reflective Discussion**

- Supervise the printing of refined models, ensuring participants handle practical considerations such as calibration, filament selection, and troubleshooting common issues.
- Conduct functionality testing, assessing the accuracy and usability of the printed designs.
- Host reflective discussions, guiding teachers to articulate how these activities enhance classroom understanding of geometry. Encourage participants to explore potential extensions, adaptations, and interdisciplinary connections.

## **Lesson 2: Interdisciplinary Chessboard Project**

### **Objective:**

Participants will integrate mathematical concepts, artistic creativity, and practical craftsmanship by designing and constructing a customized chess set. This project demonstrates interdisciplinary teaching, collaboration, and iterative design processes.

### **Session 1: Introduction and Initial Design in Groups**

- Introduce the project with a discussion of the historical, mathematical, artistic, and strategic dimensions of chess, illustrating the interdisciplinary nature of the activity.
- Assign teachers to groups, with each group responsible for designing specific chess pieces, emphasizing both functionality and aesthetics.
- Utilize modelling software (e.g., TinkerCAD or Fusion360) to sketch preliminary chess piece designs. Guide participants to consider scale, symmetry, ergonomics, and aesthetic appeal.

### **Session 2: Refinement, Collaborative Design, and Feedback**

- Conduct structured collaborative sessions where groups share their preliminary models and receive peer feedback focusing on creativity, accuracy, and practicality.
- Encourage groups to iterate designs based on feedback, refining aesthetics, improving stability, and considering print feasibility.
- Introduce basic design constraints, such as minimum thickness or print bed dimensions, enhancing realistic design considerations.

### **Session 3: Printing and Physical Chessboard Construction**

- Coordinate the printing of finalized chess pieces, addressing practical printing issues such as supports, infill density, and post-processing.

- Simultaneously, lead participants through the process of physically constructing chessboards using accessible materials like wood or cardboard, incorporating math concepts such as measurements, proportions, and patterning.
- Facilitate reflective group discussions, exploring interdisciplinary applications, classroom adaptations, and students' potential engagement with similar projects.

### Lesson 3: Campus Building Model

#### **Objective:**

This lesson enhances participants' understanding of geometry, spatial reasoning, measurement, and scale by engaging them in modelling a real-world structure on campus. It illustrates practical applications of mathematical principles in architecture and design.

#### **Session 1: Observational Analysis and Geometric Identification**

- Conduct an observational field session at a selected building on campus, guiding teachers in sketching and photographing architectural features.
- Lead a collaborative identification of geometric shapes (cubes, cylinders, prisms, complex polygons) observed in the structure.
- Discuss how these shapes combine structurally and aesthetically, considering symmetry, proportionality, and architectural principles.

#### **Session 2: Measurement Collection, Scaling Techniques, and Preliminary Modelling**

- Instruct participants in accurate measurement techniques, including tools such as measuring tapes, laser measures, or digital callipers.
- Facilitate group work to collect precise measurements of the building, discussing practical challenges such as inaccessible areas and how to estimate measurements effectively.
- Demonstrate scaling methods, instructing participants on converting real measurements to scaled-down versions suitable for 3D printing (e.g., scaling down to fit a maximum height of 7 cm).
- Assist participants in developing preliminary digital models using appropriate 3D modelling software, emphasizing accuracy and proportion.

#### **Session 3: Model Printing, Presentation, and Pedagogical Reflection**

- Support participants as they finalize and print their scaled building models, addressing potential challenges such as print resolution, supports, and structural integrity.
- Conduct presentations where each group explains their design processes, challenges encountered, and solutions developed.
- Facilitate comprehensive reflective discussions, focusing on how the experience can inform pedagogical strategies, interdisciplinary connections (mathematics, engineering, art), and classroom implementation ideas.

## 5. Closing Tips and Additional Resources

To ensure sustained success in integrating 3D printing into your teacher education program and, subsequently, into classroom environments, it's important to adhere to several foundational strategies. The following recommendations serve to optimize your teaching practice, maintain learner engagement, and enhance overall educational effectiveness:

### **Key Success Strategies:**

#### **• Begin with Achievable Projects:**

Start with straightforward, manageable projects to build confidence among participants. Initial success in simple tasks creates a positive mindset, reinforces technical skills, and establishes a foundation for more complex projects. Early victories provide motivation and reduce anxiety about engaging with advanced technology.

#### **• Foster an Environment of Collaboration and Shared Learning:**

Encourage active teamwork and collective problem-solving through group-based tasks and structured peer interactions. Foster a supportive atmosphere where participants feel comfortable exchanging ideas, offering constructive feedback, and learning from each other's experiences. This approach significantly enhances learning outcomes and mirrors real-world professional collaboration.

#### **• Emphasize Real-World Applications:**

Anchor all projects and learning activities in practical, real-world scenarios that resonate with learners. Demonstrating the tangible relevance of 3D printing applications increases engagement, fosters deeper understanding, and inspires creative thinking. Projects linked to everyday life or societal needs, such as assistive devices, architectural models, or custom-designed tools, illustrate the meaningful impact technology can have beyond the classroom.

#### **• Adaptability and Responsiveness:**

Stay flexible and ready to adjust lesson plans, instructional approaches, and project criteria based on ongoing feedback and results. Being responsive to participants' needs, technical challenges, and unforeseen circumstances is critical for creating effective learning environments. Continuously assess and refine your methods, maintaining openness to innovative ideas and feedback from your trainees.

#### **• Continuous Professional Growth:**

Embrace ongoing professional development in emerging technologies, educational methodologies, and new software applications. Staying updated with the latest advancements in 3D printing technology ensures your instruction remains relevant and impactful, enhancing your own expertise and thereby benefiting your trainees.

### **Recommended Resources:**

For continued professional learning and to supplement your instructional materials, utilize the following carefully selected resources. Each platform provides valuable support, offering tools, guidance, and community interaction for educators and learners:

- [TinkerCAD](#)

TinkerCAD is an intuitive, user-friendly 3D modeling software specifically designed for beginners and educational contexts. Its accessible interface and built-in tutorials enable users of all skill levels to quickly develop proficiency in creating digital models. It's an excellent starting point for both teachers and students embarking on their 3D printing journey.

- [Thingiverse](#)

Thingiverse provides an extensive repository of freely accessible, printable 3D models. It includes educational resources, project inspirations, and community-driven content, making it ideal for educators seeking practical models for teaching or inspiration for developing customized instructional materials.

- [Prusa3D](#)

Prusa3D offers comprehensive resources and step-by-step guides on printer operation, maintenance, calibration, and troubleshooting. With detailed documentation and community support, it's an invaluable tool for educators ensuring optimal functionality and reliability of their 3D printing equipment.

- [All3DP](#)

All3DP provides regularly updated news articles, in-depth reviews, practical tutorials, and insightful guides covering a wide range of topics related to 3D printing technology. This resource helps educators stay informed about industry trends, innovative methods, and best practices.

- [Instructables](#)

Instructables offers numerous creative projects with clear, step-by-step instructions covering diverse applications of 3D printing and other technologies. It's perfect for educators seeking hands-on projects to integrate into their curricula or explore interdisciplinary opportunities.

## 6. Engaging with Communities

In addition to these resources, participating in online communities can significantly enhance your professional experience. Joining platforms like specialized forums, social media groups, or professional networks dedicated to 3D printing and STEAM education provides opportunities to share experiences, troubleshoot problems, and gain valuable insights from other educators. Communities like Reddit's 3D printing forums, Facebook groups on educational technology, and educational communities on LinkedIn offer vibrant spaces for collaborative learning, peer support, and continuous inspiration.